ALLIGATORS & Zooworks CROCODILES



Annabel C., age 7



Annalie S., age 8

Alligators are green. They glide through the water unseen. Humans think they're mean. Birds can keep their teeth clean.

Joseph A., age 9



Olivia F., age 12

Once upon a time there was a crocodile. His name was William. He was very friendly but nobody knew. He tried to tell them but they did not understand. But suddenly a little boy walked up to him. Even William the brave crocodile was frightened. The little boy knew that he was friendly...and LONELY. But then the little boy gave William a BIG hug. And they lived happily ever after.

Katie G., age 8



Rio T., age 8



Aiden DLG, age 11



Aliyah S., age 9

A black shape slides by. "An alligator!" you say. But now it's gone.

Corinne A., age 10



Ryan W., age 6



Look for Activity Pages Online!

Visit rangerrick.org/ZBactivities to find fun alligator and crocodile activities to print or download.

Plus at rangerrick.org you'll find:

- Interactive games
- 50 pictures, poems and stories from kids like you
 - Animal videos

Would you like to see your work published in Ranger Rick Zoobooks?

Here's what to do: Go to www.rangerrick.org/ zooworks for rules and deadlines.

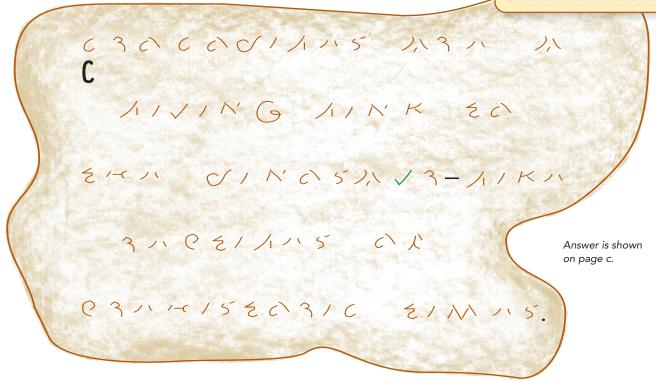




We want to see your original poem, story, or drawing by November 1, 2022 for "Orangutans" or December 7, 2022 for "Rhinos."

Do As the ROMANS Do

You can do as the Romans did to discover a message about crocodiles. Read on to find out what to do.



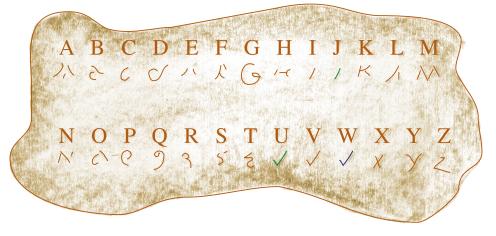
The Roman Empire began nearly 3000 years

ago. It fell in A.D. 410. We gained much from the Romans, including our alphabet. If you look at the letters in the code below, you can probably recognize many shapes that are similar to the letters we use today. But the letters have changed enough over time to work as a code. In fact, in this activity we used the Roman alphabet to write the secret message about crocodiles above. However, instead of

writing in Latin, the language spoken in ancient Rome, we wrote our message in English so you could understand it.

To decode the message, write the matching modern letter below each ancient Roman letter. We've written in the first modern letter for you as an example.

You might notice that the code shows the same Roman letters for the modern letters \mathbf{I} and \mathbf{J} as well as the modern letters \mathbf{U} , \mathbf{V} , and \mathbf{W} . That's because the Romans did not have separate symbols for these letters. We've tried to make it easier for you by using color to show the differences in these letters. We used a green / for the letter \mathbf{j} , a green $\sqrt{}$ for \mathbf{u} , and a blue $\sqrt{}$ for \mathbf{w} .



WORD SAFARI

M F N N Α F R Α R G S Т B Α W T N \Box N N M F Н P E W N N B M G G F R F N W N F K M C

In the puzzle at left, circle the crocodilian names shown in the blue box below. Names are frontward, backward, and diagonal.



AMERICAN
MORELET'S
CUBAN
ORINOCO
NILE
GHARIAL
CAIMAN
SALTWATER
MUGGER

NEXT STEP

Ancient Romans used a variety of writing

materials. What we would call books were written on scrolls. These were rolls of papyrus, an early form of paper made from reeds, which grew in water. Letters and business documents were written on very thin pieces of wood. Ink made from ashes was sometimes used. Otherwise a thin layer of beeswax was spread across the wood. Then, the words were scratched into the wax with a stylus. This special kind of pen is like a stick that is pointy at one end and flat on the other.

Imagine how hard it was to scratch each letter into the soft wax. It took a long time. It's fun to wonder what an ancient Roman would think of our computers, which make it easy for us to write and communicate with each other now.

You can see for yourself what it was like to write like a Roman. Try writing a message in a flat piece of clay using a stick to make the Roman letters. The clay is like the wax in which letters were scratched with a stylus. Give the message to a friend to decode.



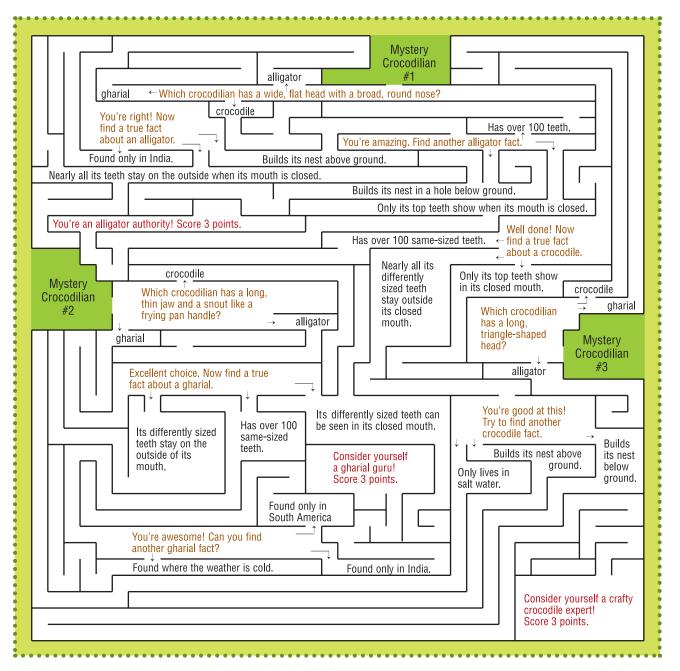
Alligator & Crocodile Word Safari:

Do As the Romans Do: Crocodiles are a living link to the dinosaur-like reptiles of prehistoric times.

Answers

What's the Difference?

Gan you tell the difference between an alligator and a crocodile? To find the answers, read the inside front cover and pages 2, 3, 4, 14, and 15 of *Zoobooks Alligators and Crocodiles*. Then, test your knowledge as you complete the three mazes that make up the puzzle below. If you get stumped, you can look back through the pages of this *Zoobooks®* for help. To complete the puzzle, start at one of the three Mystery Crocodilian points shaded in green. Read the first question shown in brown. Select the correct answer from the three possible choices which are shown in black. If you make the correct choice, you will move through the maze to the next clue. Continue as before, reading the clue, finding the correct choice, and moving through the maze. Remember, questions and clues are shown in brown and possible answers in black.



Answers: Mystery Crocodilian #1: alligator; builds its nest above ground; only its top teeth show when its mouth is closed. Mystery Crocodilian #2: gharial; has over 100 same-sized teeth; found only in India. Mystery Crocodilian #3: crocodile; nearly all its differently sized teeth stay outside its closed mouth; builds its nest below ground.